

sama were made available lo.all hospitals and on the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare's website.

Tuberculosis control with the help of WHO and USA

360. SHRIMATI N.P. DURGA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of agreement entered into with USA and WHO to control Tuberculosis in the country;
- (b) what is the funding pattern of USA and the WHO for research and implementing the disease-control programmes at the State-level;
- (c) the* number of TB patients in the country; State-wise;
- (d) the details of TB cases reported in the country, particularly from Andhra Pradesh, during the last five years; and
- (e) what are the results of the revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme since its implementation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAICA LAKSHMI): (a) United States International Development Agency (USAID) has provided an assistance of Rs. 29.6 crores through WHO for implementation of the Revised National TB Control Programme (RNTCP) in the State of Haryana for the period from year 2003-2007. WHO also provides technical assistance to the Programme.

(b) for undertaking various activities for implementation of the RNTCP and also for research, the funds from USAID are released by WHO directly to the State TB Society of Haryana on the recommendation of Ministry of Health & Family Welfare. The anti-TB drugs for the State are procured by WHO and supplied as commodity grant as per the requirement worked out by Central TB Division based on Programme norms.

(c) and (d) It is estimated that every year about 18 lakh new cases are occurring in the country of which approximately 8 lakh are new smear positive and therefore infectious. A Statement indicating State-wise details of patients detected and put on treatment in the country including the State of Andhra Pradesh during last five years under the Revised National TB Control Programme (RNTCP) is enclosed (See below).

(e) Consequent upon implementation of Revised National TB Control Programme (RNTCP) since 1997 and covering the entire country under the Programme by March, 2006 treatment success rate has tripled from 25% to 85% and death rate has been cut 7 fold from 29% to about 4% among patients registered under RNTCP. Till date, the **RNTCP** has placed more than 63.00 lakh patients on DOTS treatment, averting more than 11.33 lakh deaths. As per WHO latest estimates, death rate due to TB has declined from 45/lakh population per year in 1990 to 30/lakh currently.

Statement

State-wise details of TB cases detected and put on treatment under the programme during last 5 years and till date

SNo.	States	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 (upto 2nd Qt)
1	2	,3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	A.N. Islands	754	524	566	\ 595	733	459
2.	Andhra Pradesh	9509	100505	119368	109365	108679	52517
3.	Arunachal Pradesh'	2730	3123	2232	2057	2346	1318
4.	Assam	20022	18038	20459	28551	29494	15392
5.	Bihar	35272	35520	33361	24422	30828	25556
6.	Chandigarh	1872	1727	2058	2208	2478	1223
7.	Chhattisgarh	9799	14295	15724	23822	23515	13996
8.	D&N Haveli	0	0	0	0	141	197
9.	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	158	127
10.	Delhi	26389	32604	38847	43809	45717	25355
11.	Goa	2623	1138	0	509	1731	930
12.	Gujarat	72683	61415	73133	80626	77087	40478
13.	Haryana	28323	31703	30908	33606	34516	17892
14.	Himachal Pradesh	11283	12691	13312	13458	13697	7055
15.	JammuS Kashmir	9472	• 9142	8632	6089	5922	5303
16.	Jharkhand	14220	16336	13538	20031	.26160	15589
17.	Karnataka	59652	57276	'57449	65403	68728	31602
18.	Kerala	22798	23923	24478	25439	25074	.12535
19.	Lakshadweep					4	12
20.	Madhya Pradesh	69643	48675	54224	68260	72296	36936

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
21.	Maharashtra	131537	117554	130676	143766	144564	69051
22.	Manipur	2766	5556	5095	5042	4639	2238
23.	Meghalaya	2760	2730	2669	3800	3889	1926
24.	Mizoram	1263	1456	1631	2035	1942	.974
25.	Nagaland	1035	933	1763	2707	2770	1320-
26.	Orissa	19474	27152	27080	43238	44501	22000
27.	Pondicherry	3212	2544	2322	1203	1462	840
28.	Punjab	27885	20000	22449	23304	30764	17864
29.	Rajasthan	84655	93462	98144	105596	104315	54506
30.	Sikkim	1640	1250	" 1403	1724	1572	751
31.	Tamil Nadu	77574	80895	89616	96639	92540	45855
32.	Tripura	1947	1032	1197	924	1730	1093
33.	Uttar Pradesh	206197	207670	153459	164406	182723	112472
34.	Uttaranchal	0	14725	11194	10872	10825	5948
35.	West Bengal	73275	81485	89836	104026	107337	56804
TOTAL'		1118664	1129076	1147223	1257532	1305277	698114

Note:—The increase in reporting of TB Cases in compriision to previous year is attributed to increase in access to RNTCP as well as good case detection rate due to improvement in the Programme management and the Programme becoming more popular.

Survey report on maternal mortality In the country

361. SHRI K.E. ISMAIL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the majernal mortality ratio has been very high despite various measures being taken for lowering the maternal deaths particularly in the Northern and Eastern States;
- (b)ifso, what are the details of the findings of a survey conducted by the Registrar General of India in this regard;
- (c) whether it is a fact that at this rate, the goal set by the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) can not be met; and
- (d) if so, the details and Government's reaction thereto?